1. (Currently amended) A method for automatically assigning a group of agents to a plurality of available schedules, comprising the steps of:

determining preferences for a plurality of factors for each agent;

assigning an order of importance for the plurality of factors for each agent, wherein the order of importance for the plurality of factors for a given agent in the group of agents differs from an order of importance for the plurality of factors for at least one other agent in the group of agents;

determining a ranking for each agent from a highest rank to a lowest rank based on a given criteria;

performing the following sub-steps on an iterative basis, from a highest ranked agent to a lowest ranked agent:

- (a) for each schedule that is available to be assigned to a current agent, performing the following sub-steps:
 - (i) for the current agent, for each factor, determining a difference value between a current schedule and the current agent's preference for that factor;
 - (ii) assigning the difference value for each factor to a bit range within a vector for the current agent and the current schedule, wherein the factor having a highest importance is assigned to a highest order bits of the vector and remaining factors are assigned to subsequent orders of bits in an assigned order of importance, wherein the vector represents a numerical value that indicates how well the current schedule fits the current agent's preferences; and
- (b) assigning to the current agent the schedule having the lowest numerical value;

wherein one or more of the steps are performed by one or more electronic processing devices.

2. (Cancelled).

- 3. (Canceled).
- 4. (Currently amended) The method of Claim [3] 1 wherein the agents are ranked according to seniority.
- 5. (Currently amended) The method of Claim [3] 1 wherein the agents are ranked according to performance.
- 6. (Currently amended) The method of Claim [3] 1 wherein a schedule may only be assigned from a higher ranked agent to a lower ranked agent if such assignment will decrease the lower ranked agent's vector without increasing the vector of the higher ranked agent.
- 7. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein the plurality of factors is selected from the group of start times, break times, lunch times, days off, end time, lunch length, split shift parameters and hours worked.
- 8. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein the plurality of schedules are preliminarily assigned schedules.
- 9. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein the plurality of schedules are a pool of schedules.
 - 10. (Canceled).
 - 11. (Canceled).

- 12. (Canceled).
- 13. (Currently amended) The <u>computer program</u> product of Claim [12] <u>20</u> wherein the agents are ranked according to seniority.
- 14. (Currently amended) The <u>computer program</u> product of Claim [12] <u>20</u> wherein the agents are ranked according to performance.
- 15. (Currently amended) The <u>computer program</u> product of Claim [12] <u>20</u> wherein a schedule may only be assigned from a higher ranked agent to a lower ranked agent if such assignment will decrease the lower ranked agent's vector without increasing the vector of the higher ranked agent.
- 16. (Currently amended) The <u>computer program</u> product of Claim [12] <u>20</u> wherein the plurality of factors is selected from the group of start times, break times, lunch times, days off, end time, lunch length, split shift parameters and hours worked.
- 17. (Currently amended) The <u>computer program</u> product of Claim [12] <u>20</u> wherein the plurality of schedules are preliminarily assigned schedules.
- 18. (Currently amended) The <u>computer program</u> product of Claim [12] <u>20</u> wherein the plurality of schedules are a pool of schedules.

19. (Previously submitted) A method for automatically assigning a group of agents to a plurality of initially assigned schedules, comprising the steps of:

determining preferences for a plurality of factors for each agent;
assigning an order of importance for the plurality of factors for each agent;
determining a ranking for each agent from a highest rank to a lowest rank based
on a given criteria;

performing the following sub-steps on an iterative basis, from a highest ranked agent to a lowest ranked agent:

- (a) for the current agent, for each factor, determining a difference value between a currently assigned schedule and the current agent's preference for that factor;
- (b) assigning the difference value for each factor to a bit range within an assigned vector for the current agent and the currently assigned schedule, wherein the factor having a highest importance is assigned to a highest order bits of the vector and remaining factors are assigned to subsequent orders of bits in an assigned order of importance, wherein the vector represents a numerical value that indicates how well the current schedule fits the current agent's preferences;
- (c) for each schedule that is assigned to an agent that is lower in ranking than the current agent, performing the following sub-steps:
 - (i) for the current lower-ranked agent, for each factor, determining a difference value between the current lower-ranked agent's schedule and the current agent's preference for that factor;
 - (ii) assigning the difference value for each factor to a bit range within a vector for the current lower-ranked agent and the current lower-ranked agent's schedule, wherein the factor having a highest importance is assigned to a highest order bits of the vector and remaining factors are assigned to subsequent orders of bits in an assigned order of importance, wherein the vector represents a numerical value that indicates how well the current lower-ranked agent's schedule fits the current agent's preferences; and

(d) if a lower-ranked agent has a schedule with a lower numerical value than the current agent's currently assigned schedule, exchanging the schedules between those agents;

wherein one or more of the steps are performed by one or more electronic processing devices.

Please add the following new claim 20:

20. (Newly submitted) A computer program product tangibly embodying computer program instructions executable by one or more electronic processing devices for performing a method that automatically assigns a group of agents to a plurality of available schedules, the method comprising:

determining preferences for a plurality of factors for each agent;

assigning an order of importance for the plurality of factors for each agent, wherein the order of importance for the plurality of factors for a given agent in the group of agents differs from an order of importance for the plurality of factors for at least one other agent in the group of agents;

determining a ranking for each agent from a highest rank to a lowest rank based on a given criteria;

performing the following sub-steps on an iterative basis, from a highest ranked agent to a lowest ranked agent:

- (a) for each schedule that is available to be assigned to a current agent, performing the following sub-steps:
 - (i) for the current agent, for each factor, determining a difference value between a current schedule and the current agent's preference for that factor;
 - (ii) assigning the difference value for each factor to a bit range within a vector for the current agent and the current schedule, wherein the factor having a highest importance is assigned to a highest order bits of the vector and remaining factors are assigned to subsequent orders of bits in an assigned order of importance, wherein the vector represents a

numerical value that indicates how well the current schedule fits the current agent's preferences; and

(b) assigning to the current agent the schedule having the lowest numerical value.